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Johnson's Garage

OYEN, ALTA.

PHONE 14

M. D. of Cereal

The council of the municipal district of Cereal No. 212, met at Oyen on Saturday, Oct. 10, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all members being present.

The financial statements for the month of September were read and accepted.

Payments made by the Reeve and Secretary in connection with contract work done on the main highway, were approved. Council accepted the offer of G. H. Brodie for the buildings on S.W. 5 26, 4.

Council accepted the action of the secretary in accepting a donation of one half car of potatoes and vegetables to be distributed free to those who are not able to buy them.

Council agreed to release S. L. Klue from a crop lease on certain specified conditions.

Roadwork pay sheets were passed for Divisions 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6, and the general accounts and contract accounts were passed.

The council decided to hold a sale of household goods, now under seizure, in the village of Oyen, on Saturday, October 24, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The appointment of Mr. Roy Johnson as a trustee to administer the old age pension of Mrs. Annie Johnson, was recommended to the Old Age Pension Department.

Council adjourned to meet again on Saturday, Nov. 14, at 10:00 o'clock a.m.

Halloween Dance
OYEN THEATRE
Friday, Oct. 30

St. Louis Win World

Series 4 games to 3

The "A's" stage great rally in 9th Innings of final game after two were out, but Hallahan going in for Grimes who had pitched a wonderful game, stopped the offensive.

First game, St. Louis, Oct. 1—Athletics 004 000 200—6 11 0 Cardinals 200 000 000—2 12 0 Batteries: Grove and Cochrane; Derringer, Johnson and Wilson.

2nd game, St. Louis, Oct. 2—Athletics 000 000 000—0 3 0 Cardinals 010 000 10—2 7 1 Batteries: Earnshaw and Cochrane; Hallahan and Wilson.

3rd game, Philadelphia, Oct. 5, Cardinals 020 200 001—5 12 0 Athletics 000 000 002—2 2 0 Batteries: Grimes and Wilson; Grove, Mahaffey and Cochrane.

4th game, Philadelphia, Oct. 6, Cardinals 000 000 000—0 2 1 Athletics 100 002 000—3 10 0 Batteries: Johnson, Lindsey, Derringer and Wilson; Earnshaw and Cochrane.

5th game, Philadelphia, Oct. 7, Cardinals 100 002 011—3 12 0 Athletics 000 000 100—1 9 0 Batteries: Hallahan and Wilson; Hoyt, Walberg and Cochrane.

6th game, St. Louis, Oct. 9—Philadelphia 000 000 400—8 8 1 St. Louis 000 001 000—1 5 2 Batteries: Derringer, Johnson, Lindsey, Rhom and Wilson; Mancuso; Grove and Cochrane.

7th game, St. Louis, Oct. 10, Philadelphia 000 000 002—2 7 1 St. Louis 2 02 000 00—1 12 0 Batteries: Grimes, Hallahan and Wilson; Earnshaw, Walberg and Cochrane.

It was a great series.

Miller's Specials

36 inch Extra Heavy Cotton French Flannel, in many new patterns. Very suitable for Wind-breakers and School Dresses.

Special, per yard. 35c and 45c

Boys' Jumbo Knit Sweater Coats, plain colors. Special at 2 35 and 2 50

Boys' Jumbo Knit Sweater Coats, fancy trim. All sizes to 34 Special at 2.85

Men's heavy Jumbo Knit Sweater Coats, fancy trim, also plain colors. All sizes up to 44 Special at 3.50

Men's grey Domet Flannel Shirts. All sizes. Selling special 1.00

Men's Cottonade Pant Overalls, 82 25 Special at 1.45

Men's High Top Boots, made by Williams. Reg 7.50. Special at 4.95

Ladies' Winter Coats

We have a special showing in the new styles of Ladies Winter Coats at very special prices.

Monday, Oct. 12, being Thanksgiving Day, Our Store will be Closed.

S. A. MILLER

—MEMBER OF—



Read the Advertisements

Making Money in Retailing

IN THIS town are many retailers who could and should have larger businesses.

The right way to get on in business is to set sales mark for the year—\$5,000, \$10,000, \$20,000, \$30,000—whatever is reasonable and within one's financial ability.

Then the year's objective should be reduced to weekly and monthly amounts, in accordance with the seasonable character of one's business.

Then the next thing to do is to calculate the number of sales transactions needed each week to produce the weekly sales objective. Thus, if one's average sales transaction is 50 cents, and if one's weekly sales objective is \$100, then, clearly, the retailer must have two-hundred

red sales transactions every week. This may mean two-hundred customers.

So the retailer's job is to get into his store two-hundred customers each week—an average of 34 a day.

These customers to be secured at the rate of 200 a week require to be (1) invited, publicly and regularly, by advertisements in this newspaper; (2) informed about the seller's merchandise, prices and service—again by advertisements in this newspaper, and (3) so well served by the retailer that they will become "repeaters."

The main thing is customer attraction in required and pre-determined numbers, and this is achieved by interesting and warm-blooded advertisements in this newspaper.

Our advertising department stands ready to help retailers prepare customer-attracting advertisements

Issued by the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association.

Advertising

in the columns of the
Oyen News
will pay you good

Dividends

SAYS CANADA'S BANKING SYSTEM ON SOUND BASIS

Montreal, Que.—Canada is well able to lean on her own resources and is doing so. Her production of gold will amount to \$300,000,000 this year, her banking system is sound and business is being done," declared Meadury Leman, president of the Canadian Bankers' Association, addressing a meeting of the Catholic Women's league, city sub-division. Mr. Leman was asked by Premier L. A. Taschereau to substitute for him as speaker.

Sympathy with those involved in recent occurrences in the stock exchange was expressed by Mr. Leman. He asked that no unfounded criticism be directed against those who had sacrificed years of work and the results therefrom, as well as their personal means, in order to protect their clients.

The causes which had produced at the moment such unfavorable results in the financial field were of recent date to Canada in the economic field by stimulating production of Canadian goods and employment of Canadian labour, the banker said. The lowering of the value of the Canadian dollar places, indirectly, an obstacle against imports of goods which made it easier for the Canadian producer to develop his own products and give more employment to Canadians, thereby creating a sounder economic situation as far as Canada was concerned.

Referring to the country's banks, Mr. Leman suggested to his hearers that they read the annual reports of the various banks covering the years 1928 and 1930. "You will find that every single bank in this country advised people to be careful, that excesses would inevitably bring their reaction, that dangers were ahead."

"Do you imagine," he asked, "that were giving out to others these warnings did not trim their own sails, seeing that there was a storm ahead? I leave the answer to your own judgment. The bank situation in Canada is sound. We have every reason to be proud of the system established in this country, which has weathered many storms."

He mentioned the crises of 1850, 1907, 1914 and 1921.

"We have lived through these crises," he said, "and we are still alive."

"Canada was now the second largest gold producing country in the world," Mr. Leman said. The production would be used in two ways. First, it must be used to protect the internal situation in Canada, that is the financial situation, to keep it sane and sound, at the same time it will keep in the position of shipping gold outside the country, as and when national conditions permit. Gold payments have not stopped, are being made and will continue to be made," Mr. Leman said.

The banker blamed recent distress selling of stock issues on an attack of nerves. "We are cool and collected when an emergency arises. We must be that should be done at the moment. But people have an attack of nerves after the accident is over. The danger is past but they have a psychological reaction at seeing just what has happened." The danger was in 1928 and 1929, when prices were high, not in 1931 when they are on the bottom, he said.

British Parliament Has Been Prorogued

King George Summarizes Government's Effort To Overcome Financial Troubles

London, Eng.—The British Parliament was prorogued October 7, with a speech from the throne while excitement prevailed over the coming general election.

The King, in his speech, briefly summarized the efforts of the government to pull the nation out of its financial and economic troubles.

Only about 100 members of the House of Commons were scattered along the benches, many already having departed for their constituencies. Cheers, jokes and outbursts of party feelings interrupted the proceedings as the members shouted across the floor of the House from the various sections.

Predicts Jobless Insurance

Calgary, Alberta.—A scheme of unemployment insurance, based upon an actuarial principle will probably be introduced during the life of the present parliament, according to Dr. G. D. Stanley, Conservative member of the House of Commons for East Calgary.

W. N. U. 1911

Gandhi Is Impatient

Wants Government To Give Pledge Regarding Future Line Of Action

London, Eng.—Although he appreciates that the general election and British financial questions have necessarily made the Indian matter a becoming issue, Mahatma Gandhi is becoming restless. "I have been in England nearly a month now," he said, "and I have accomplished nothing except to become acquainted with England's poor and unemployed."

"If, however, the Government will in certain pledges respecting its future line of action in handling the Indian issue I am willing to remain here until after the election I am not one to strike his opponent while he is down. England must be given a chance to regain its feet, but at the same time the Indian question must not go unvoiced indefinitely."

"When I return to India, which I hope will be before the snow flies in England, I must have something tangible to offer my people in the way of independence. Otherwise we must renege the fight against our master, which God forbid, because if the struggle is revived I fear Indians not only will be fighting Englishmen, but the Indian community will be pitted against another in racial strife."

Premier Ramsay MacDonald said the general election would not interfere with the Indian Round-Table Conference and that the Government will pursue its intention to settle the Indian problem before the year is over.

Mob Causes Trouble

Mounted Police Battle With Crowd In Heart Of London

London, England.—A crowd of the unemployed using sticks, stones and fire crackers, battled with mounted police in the heart of London. Unable to resist the relentless charging of the mob, which had been marching down a city street, the police, screaming, finally marched to Hyde Park, where was served a free meal and went home.

The disorder began when the contingent appeared and ordered the crowd, which had been marching down Drury Lane, gathering new recruits and singing "The Red Flag" to disperse.

Some of the crowd, which immediately became infuriated, tossed fire bombs and stones at the police, attacking the horses. Others charged with sticks and stones, while some, armed with police batons, charged, attacking the fire-ladders.

General Election In England

Vote Will Be Taken On October Twenty

London, Eng.—Great Britain will vote October 27 in a general election on issues of outstanding importance, according to Sir Barcham Palace.

It will be the first general election since May 30, 1929, when Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin's Conservative government was swept out of power and the Labour party returned to the helm for the first time in five years. The election campaign is expected to be financially reduced but it has held the balance of power throughout the period.

The announcement came after Premier MacDonald had conferred with the King.

The new parliament will be called into session early in November, it was said, and will probably sit for six weeks up to the Christmas recess. The election campaign is expected to be given at once with all three parties girding for an epoch struggle.

Citizenship Qualities

Toronto, Ont.—"The human quality of the mass of the people of Great Britain is far too low to be successful in dealing with the duties of modern citizenship," Dr. L. P. Jacks, editor of *Sturtevant's Journal*, recently resigned his position of Manchester College, Oxford, England, and known as England's leading philosopher on the subject of recreation, said in a newspaper interview here.

British Apprentices To Visit Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—Eastern Canada is to visit the most important of British groups' apprentices travelling under scholarships presented by the Department of Trade and Commerce. They will visit the important centres of eastern Canada and study the food producing industries when they are at their peak of production.

Promoted Rear Admiral

London, Eng.—Captain the Hon. Alexander Ramsay, husband of Princess Patricia, has been promoted rear-admiral. He married Princess Patricia, daughter of the Duke of Connaught and (former Governor-General of Canada) in 1919.

Market For Wheat

Plan Shipments Of Grain From Vancouver To Scandinavia

Calgary, Alberta.—Direct contact between Canada and the Scandinavian markets is being planned by F. H. Palmer, Canadian Trade Commissioner to Scandinavia. On his trip to Canada, Mr. Palmer is spending a few days in Calgary. He stated that as a result of negotiations with exporters of wheat in Calgary he anticipated earlier shipments of wheat to Scandinavia via Vancouver. His aim is to abolish intermediaries between the Canadian exporters and Scandinavian importer, with a view to increasing business between the two countries.

HAS NO DOUBT ABOUT RESULT OF ELECTIONS

London, Eng.—"I was never more confident of anything in my career than of the final result this election will produce," declared Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, when seen by the Canadian Press.

"At the same time," Mr. Thomas continued, "frankly I am somewhat afraid of the impression which may be held in certain foreign places, and perhaps to some extent in certain parts of the Empire, as to the actual position prevailing here. That is one reason I favoured an early election."

He was convinced that the mass of opinion in this country is behind the National Government and will support it even though its policy of economy may be severe. "The mass of opinion will convince the whole world of the stability of this country."

Referring to the economic position of the Empire in the present economic crisis, Mr. Thomas said he was more optimistic of the situation than ever before. "Although we are off the gold standard, we are the greatest banking country in the world," he said.

"The British Empire has had apprehensions for the future. What has struck me more than anything else is the manner in which the Dominion, without a military exception, has accepted the situation, knowing we here should do the right thing, and being ready to do any job that helps them."

"I am not committed to any fetish," he said, "but I do not think that the present is the time when a long program should be put forward. The first thing for this country to do is to deal with the adverse balance of trade."

Mr. Thomas remarked the adherence of Canada and South Africa to the gold standard was entirely a matter for themselves. Unquestionably Canada must in the very nature of things be affected by the position of the United States, and he would not attempt to say what should be done eventually.

Will Accept Peerage

Chancellor Of British Exchequer Decides To Take Title

London, Eng.—The Canadian Press learns that Rt. Hon. Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has decided to accept a peerage.

Mr. Snowden has announced he will not seek re-election in the coming general election. Elevation to the peerage, however, would enable him to render continued valuable help to the National Government, from the Upper House, if it is successful at the polls.

PRINCIPALS IN CHINA-JAPAN CONFLICT

Shanghai, China.—Col. and Mrs. Charles A. Lindbergh announced abandonment of all plans to continue their aerial vacation in the Orient in view of Senator Dwight F. Morrow's death. They will take a steamer immediately for Seattle.

C. T. Wang (left), Chinese Foreign Minister, who deplored the possibility of an international issue or a serious break with Japan over the Mukden Incident. General Hongo (right), Japanese Garrison Commander at Mukden, said that the Japanese government was not to be acknowledged seriously defective and it is likewise the state's responsibility to see that none will be to work go hungry or without clothing and shelter."

An offer of free telephone installations in Rome, Italy, during May brought in 13,000 new subscribers.

ELECTED PRESIDENT

General Jan Smuts, famous South African statesman, who was elected President of the British Association for the Advancement of Science at the annual meeting in London.

Resignation Of Curtius

Withdrawal Does Not Mean Any Change In Foreign Policy Of Germany

Berlin, Germany.—Dr. Julius Curtius, who succeeded the late Gustav Stresemann as foreign minister of Germany in October, 1929, and kept in force the Stresemann policy of conciliation with Germany's wartime enemies, has submitted his resignation to Chancellor Heinrich Brüning.

His withdrawal came after bitter criticism, especially by National Socialists and Nationalists, who objected because he approved Germany's abandonment of the proposal, Austria-German customs pact. The foreign minister also was attacked on his policy of friendship with France.

Referring to the nature of the position asserted, however, that his resignation did not mean any change in Germany's foreign policy.

Protest From U.F.C.

Against Closing Of Saskatchewan Traffic and Freight Branches

Saskatoon, Sask.—A strong protest against the closing of the traffic and freight rates branch of the provincial department of railways, which is heralded as a "great shock," was issued by United Farmers of Canada head-quarters here.

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Will Not Visit Here

Ottawa, Ont.—Premier Lavell of France will be unable to visit Canada during his coming trip to North America. An invitation to come to Ottawa was sent to the French Premier by Premier R. B. Bennett. A reply was received Wednesday, October 7, expressing the regrets of Premier Lavell that he would be unable to accept the invitation.

Will Return To U.S.

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No Need Of Transients

Minister Of Labour Refers To Wandering Of Unemployed Men

Ottawa, Ont.—No necessity exists for the continual wanderings of transient unemployed men, Hon. G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labour, said here. He also announced men going to work on the trans-Canada Highway will have to provide themselves with suitable clothing or obtain it from other than governmental sources.

"There is no necessity for the continual rambling up and down of these men on the railways," said the Minister. "There is justification for it when the provinces are sending men to work on the roads. The transients are giving Canada the appearance of a country where with unemployed, when it is not. I am quite satisfied there is no necessity for the liberty and license in transient travelling now rampant."

During his recent western trip, Senator Robertson said he had seen no signs of unemployment at divisional points in British Columbia. The transients there seemed to have disappeared.

MUST FORSAKE PARTY STRIFE, SAYS BRACKEN

Winnipeg, Man.—With Premier John Bracken renewing his plea for a government in Manitoba, the Liberal and Conservative parties holding sessions to discuss the proposal, its prospects of being accepted. At first the Conservatives appeared definitely opposed but Col. F. J. Taylor, Conservative leader, came to Winnipeg from Portage la Prairie to discuss the matter at a meeting of leading party workers.

The Liberals were favourable from the start and they too were holding courses over the scheme. While not opposed in principle John Cullen, Liberal leader, objects to any economy programme under a unitary government which will mean the curtailment of certain social services.

Increased expenditures on unemployment relief and declining revenues confronted the province with a serious financial situation he said. No good reason could be served by party strife and bickering for political advantage at such a time.

The Premier had been able to avoid a deficit and the fact that only recently it had sold a \$500,000 bond issue showed the province was still in a sound position. It was necessary, however, to look to the future and retrace. Both individuals and corporations were needed more than ever to practice the virtues of thrift and frugality.

The sharp decline in the price of farm products was affecting every sphere of activity in Manitoba, said the Premier. This year the value of the province's farm products would be only \$56,000,000, while at the worst of the depression in 1921-23 it was \$106,000,000. While the burden fell on the farmers it affected also those engaged in other industries and in trade.

All governments, including the federal government, were experiencing trouble owing to declining revenues and mounting expenditures, Manitoba was not alone and was better off than some others.

Discussing unemployment the Premier said, "Unfortunately a bad psychology has been created among the people. The expectation of jobs for all willing to work has created false hopes in the minds of men already harried by their difficulties. To give half-time jobs to all now out of employment would, with the material necessary, require an amount equal to a 100 per cent. increase in the provincial budget."

"This casker of our industrial system can not be allowed to remain but quite clearly the provision of government work for everyone is out of the question. It ought to be gotten out of people's minds. Yet it is the state's responsibility to help find jobs somewhere if our economic system is not to be acknowledged seriously defective and it is likewise the state's responsibility to see that none will be to work go hungry or without clothing and shelter."

An offer of free telephone installations in Rome, Italy, during May brought in 13,000 new subscribers.

HOOVER PLAN TO EASE CREDITS ENDORSED HERE

Toronto, Ont.—President Hoover's plan to form a \$500,000,000 corporation for the extension of credits was termed "a sound, constructive proposal" by Sir Thomas White, vice-president of the Bank of Commerce, in an interview with the Toronto Telegram.

Sir Thomas believed President Hoover's proposal "should go far to break the deadlock in credit due to fear and distrust, which has been throttling the internal and external trade and financing of the United States."

"There is more analogy between President Hoover's proposal and the recent action of the British Government in suspending the gold standard than appears on the surface," Sir Thomas continued. "It should assist in settling America's gold loan by the banks to loan to their customers as in normal times," he said.

Sir Thomas said the proposed measure would be "a relief" taken by Canada at the outbreak of the war. "The Dominion is not in a position to be prepared to lean freely to the banks to reasonable rate of interest upon approved securities of all kinds, to enable the banks to loan to their customers as in normal times," he said.

As well as restoring confidence in the United States, the president's measure should, Sir Thomas said, by relieving the banking community from the necessity to liquidate its loans to resume their function of furnishing credit to American trade, industry and agriculture, "subject of course to the observance of sound banking principles."

The proposal should benefit Canada, he held. "Any revival of trade in the United States should lead to demand for our products. Release of credit into the hands of the banks to loan to their customers as in normal times," he said.

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Little Possibility That Gold Mining Will Suffer Through Nations Dropping Gold Standard

"The possibility that the gold mining industry will suffer by reason of the tumultuous changes that have taken place in the world's financial relationships, is extremely remote," declared Hon. Charles McCrear, Ontario Minister of Mines, in a statement at Toronto.

"Instead of gold bullion becoming less valuable, it would appear to be more desirable than ever," the Minister's statement continued. "Great Britain and other countries which have taken action which is described as going off the gold standard, have actually taken steps to prevent further loss of the precious metal and are endeavoring to restore their former reserves. There seems little danger of United States, with five billion dollars' worth, or France, with another huge total, doing anything permitting anything which would lessen the worth of their enormous holdings, such as sanctioning any scheme of devaluation."

"Nor is it likely that the British Empire, which produces three-quarters of the world's gold, and possesses billions of dollars worth of ore, will propose anything which will diminish the value of these resources."

"Both United States and Great Britain have been off the gold standard in previous times of stress, yet gold has never lost its desirability nor its usefulness. There is nothing in the situation which should discourage prospectors in their search for gold discoveries, nor cause gold miners to restrict their activities."

"On the contrary, it is likely that both activities will be accelerated. The exchange premium represents just so much extra profit for the gold mines and Ottawa authorities agree that the mines are entitled to any profit they can get by selling their gold outside Canada, just as are the producers of paper, wheat, or any other exportable material."

Dark Skin Resists Sunlight

Does Not Let Beneficial Rays Through

Physician Finds
The darker the colour of the skin the less it is affected by sunlight. Tests with half-black and full-blooded Indians show conclusively that the greater the amount of black and red in untanned skins the less they get out in colour from exposure. Dr. Forest Clements of the University of Ottawa, reports in the *Journal of Physical Anthropology*. The heavier pigment, he holds, serves as a partial insulation from sun rays. "It may explain, he holds, why negro and Italian children have been found more subject to rickets than those of lighter race even when the diet and environment are essentially the same. The pigment produced by exposure probably differs from that in untanned skins and forms a storehouse for the anti-rachitic vitamin. Darker skins do not let the beneficial rays through. Dr. Clements found, however, that red skin changes less black from exposure."

Silver Mining in Canada

Silver mining in Canada is not a distinct mining industry as silver generally occurs with other metals, nickel and arsenic; with lead and placer gold; in copper-gold ores and in nickel-copper ores. Silver in lead and zinc ores is usually the predominating factor in determining the marketability of such ores.

As a expression of thanks of the British navy for the wonderful reception accorded British bluejackets at Kiel, Germany, a hundred Kiel school children were given a gala day on the cruiser "Nordfalk."

An authority on table etiquette says: "Never break your crackers or roll in your soup." Well, who ever really wanted to roll in their soup anyway?

"Has the professor had his breakfast?"
"I don't know."
"Ask him."
"I have asked him, and he doesn't know."—Wahne Jakob, Berlin.

W. N. 11, 1911

Women Are Launching New Business Ventures

Varied Occupations Featured At Annual Exposition In New York
Everything from pie baking to international politics was featured at the tenth annual Exposition of Women's Arts and Industries, held in New York. Despite the depression, women are continuing to go into new fields and to launch new business ventures. Mrs. Oliver Hartmann, chairman of the exposition, said:

Mrs. Frederick Fox, wife of a physician, adds to the lengthening list of vocations for women—that of milk raising. She started her milk farm last season at the country place in Westchester County, N.Y., to encourage milk raising among farm women desiring to add to their income.

Mrs. Francis D. Gilbert of Westfield, N.J., has a rabbit farm and already is doing a large business raising these animals whose skins are so widely used for jacket trimming of women's apparel.

Sixty-five women inventors are showing models of their designs at a special exhibition of inventions patented but not yet marketed. Beautiful culture for business women, music, foreign languages, city sanitation, health, temperance, anti-prohibition and the homelier arts of household management and cookery were on the programme for discussion at the convention.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
By Anabelle Worthington

3205

WHAT NEW YORK IS WEARING
Illustrated Dressmaking Lesson Furnished With Every Pattern
Here's a snappy new model that is exceedingly kind to nature.
It is in light, and it shows the figure in its best light, and it does it beautifully. The bodice has the cross-over close that detracts from unbecoming breadth. A partial belt crosses the back, leaving the skirt free to narrow to the waistline. The bias band, lengthened on one side, does away with hip lines.
It's a marvelous dress for midsummer and early fall wear, made of supple diagonal woolen material. Crepe silk, crepe satin and crepe de chine also suitable.
Style No. 3200 may be had in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 38 requires 3 1/2 yards of 39-inch material with 3/4 yard of 39-inch contrasting.
Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or cash (coin preferred). Write for catalogue.

How To Order Patterns
Address Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

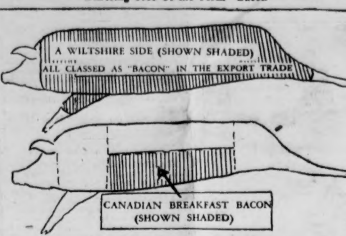
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Name

Town

The press photographers shot this picture at the Indian and British delegates to the Round Table Conference left St. James' Palace, London, England, following the Federalist State Meeting. The gentlemen on the left is the Maharajah of Burmah, while on the right is Lord Reading, British Foreign Minister, and former Viceroy of India.

Differing Uses Of The Term Bacon



"Bacon" is a term that is open to several meanings. It is often used in a general way to describe practically all the cured products of a hog and that is the way in which it may be said to be used in the Canadian export trade of Wilshire-cut sides. Then again the term "bacon" is very strictly limited, especially in the domestic trade of Canada and the United States, to that part of the cured product which comes from the belly and occasionally the back of the carcass. There is frequently much confusion in the discussions of our Canadian trade owing to difference in the application of the word "bacon." The accompanying chart has been prepared to make clear the manner in which the terms are used in the respective cuts, according as one is dealing with the export or the domestic course of the industry.

Finishing Hogs

Established Hog Very Unprofitable
In a review of the hog market situation as it exists at the present time A. A. MacMillan, Chief of the Sheep and Swine Division, Dominion Live Stock Branch, states that there is no justification for the practice which has been in general this season of trying to beat the market by selling off light-weight unfinished hogs to gain a few cents per pound at current prices. As he sees it, the principal effect of such practices has been to demoralize the market and force prices much below what they otherwise might be.

With Canadian hog prices drastically realigned both to suit domestic conditions and export market prices the common sense practice to use at the present time, according to Mr. MacMillan, is to finish hogs up to the proper market weight, around 200 pounds. This he believes is the one effective way in which to develop a "steady" hog market, to regularize marketings, and at the same time to improve quality.

Congratulations For Canadian Government
Head

Message Received From Hon. J. H. Thomas On Arrival Of King

Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, secretary of state for Dominion Affairs, sent the following cable to Prime Minister R. B. Bennett on the occasion of the arrival of the first steamer with grain from Churchill, Canada's latest seaport.

"On the occasion of the safe arrival in London of the 'Farnworth,' bringing the first direct shipment from western Canada to this country by the Hudson Bay route, His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom wish to convey to His Majesty's Government in Canada hearty congratulations on the successful inauguration of this great Canadian enterprise and express the hope that it may lead to increased trade and prosperity for all concerned."

EXPERTS MEET AT ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE
The lead which His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has given to agriculture in Canada through the "E. P. Prince of Albert" club find no better expression than the results of the grading of 22 head of ram lambs, reports on which have been received by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. Of the lot, 21 head were top grade.

For a number of years now the "E. P." ranch has been giving close attention to the improvement of the Hampshire flock and the sales of graded ram lambs and other lambs have done a great deal to bring the breeds up to a high standard of perfection in Alberta.

Given Top Grades
Ram Lambs On E. P. Ranch Of High Quality

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Why Barn Straw Stacks
Straw Can Easily Be Converted Into A Valuable Fertilizer

When with the use of suitable chemicals they can be converted into manure the question "Why burn straw stacks?" is really pertinent. Straw is worth something more than as a bedding material, and not the least valuable in its use for the making of artificial manure. The use of 100 pounds of ammonium sulphate and 100 pounds of lime to each ton of straw and this thoroughly soaked with water produces a manure of distinct fertilizer value. From three to six months are required for the organic changes to become effective and the resultant substance has much of the appearance and practically the same value, as barnyard manure.

Among the birds that are believed to live to be 100 years or more are the falcon, golden eagle, parrot, and raven.

Open Ranges will be employed in cooking on the new ship, "Akron."

Freight Rate Concessions And Other Forms Of Assistance In Connection With Feeder Cattle

Invaluable During Famine

Potatoes Cultivated By Missionaries Save Lives Of Millions Of Chinese

Twenty-five years ago a handful of potatoes was sent from the United States to China. The missionaries propagated them in their remote corner of China along the Tibet border and during the last three years of famine decimated of the original potatoes have saved the lives of more than a million Chinese.

When the first Americans and Europeans penetrated the Kansu Province and established mission stations in Tachow (Old City), some 40 years ago, they found a native Chinese potato which was small, poor, and had a very low food value. The natives of the district, with little regard for the future, had been in the habit each year of eating the best of the crop and saving the poorest potatoes for the poorest people.

Four Early Rose potatoes were sent from Tennessee, and these were planted in 1897, two in Tachow, and two in Minchow. They grew very well and produced many tubers of fine quality in Chinese soil.

At the end of the year a new variety spread to several counties of the province, which had a total population of 800,000 people. But the Boxer Rebellion resulted in a recall of all the Christians from the district, and while they were away the Chinese felt bitter their old habit of eating all the best, and also of allowing the new variety to become mixed with the discarded, older type of potato.

The potatoes had become so poor when missionaries were again allowed in the country that they had to re-introduce the new variety. The variety chosen was the Green Mountain which was planted in 1905.

The experience of Chinese planters with the other variety helped to speed the distribution of the Green Mountain, which quickly supplanted both the native and the Early Rose types.

In the three years' famine since 1928, one of the worst famines the world has ever known, almost half the population of Kansu, and also the Province of Szechwan, in the "Red River" valley, had died. The larger part of the population has been saved, and it has been estimated that fully a million people have been living by eating these potatoes.

Old Harvest Ceremonies
Strange Practices In West Of England Half Century Ago

Many old customs connected with the gathering of the harvest have been dead these fifty years and more. When the grain was ready for cutting, the custom in the West of England, all kinds of strange practices were resorted to in order to bring the harvest in. It was believed that the last crop of corn in the harvest field was inhabited by the "evil spirit." A horse representing the spirit would be sent to the next farmer who had not reaped his corn, emblem at once of a brag and a taunt.

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In order to clear up any possible misunderstanding in relation to policies now in effect, Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, has authorized a statement with reference to freight-rate concessions or other forms of assistance to farmers in eastern and western Canada on purchases of feeder cattle.

Assistance to the movement of cattle between local points in western Canada is a 50 per cent. reduction in normal carload freight rates on feeder cattle. This reduction has been stock-thrilled by the Canadian National Railways and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to facilitate the direct purchase of cattle as between producer and feeder for fattening and reshipment.

The rate decrease is not available on purchases from stock yards. When cattle shipped to the feeder are fattened and ready for reshipment, the normal freight rates will apply to all points of destination in Canada.

With respect to the movement of western cattle fed for export to eastern Canada, this policy allows a reduction of 50 per cent. in normal carload freight rates on cattle from any point east of Fort William to the seaboard for export. Provided such cattle were purchased in western Canada after June 30, 1931. This policy is in operation until December 30, 1931.

Under the policy of assistance to Canadian cattle feeders in purchasing western cattle, the prospective purchaser of western cattle is entitled to one-way travelling expenses. This includes railway fare, berth and reasonable living allowance en route, to purchase a carload shipment from western stock yards, western feeder shows, or in the case of purchases from ranches, to the stock yards nearest thereto.

The prospective feeder residing in western Canada is entitled to the foregoing privileges on the purchase of feeder cattle purchased at his nearest stockyards, or at a feeder show in the western provinces.

The British Columbia feeder is required to make his purchases of cattle under this policy at western stock yards at which a feeder sale is being held, or direct from ranches in British Columbia.

In all cases, cattle purchased under this policy must be shipped to the cattle feeders in purchasing western cattle subject to regular freight rates, and this policy is in effect for five months commencing August, 1931.

All the policies mentioned relate to the purchase of feeder cattle. In addition to these, there are two other policies relating to the movement of females for breeding purposes.

A freight policy is in effect on approved heifers. Purchasers of heifers for breeding purposes may be made in any central stockyards in western Canada for shipment to any point west of Fort William. Twenty-five per cent. of the rate is reimbursable by the railway company, and the other 75 per cent. is reimbursable by the Dominion Stock Branch.

A transportation policy on approved purebred females of beef or dairy breeds is in operation. This policy allows for free freight on carloads of approved purebred females from any railway point of loading in Canada, including points in the prairie provinces, to any other railway point in the prairie provinces, after having passed tuberculin and blood tests.

B.C. Plaster Mining
There has been a revival of activity in plaster mining in British Columbia lately and prospecting activities active throughout the likely sections. In the Laramie River a tractor and dredge is working along the gravel bed for gold deposits.

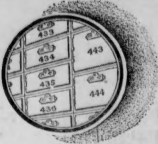
Sixty South Wales colliery ponies shown at a London horse show recently were insured for nearly \$15,000.

True courtesy can neither be misplaced nor repaid.

"My wife has the most inconceivable memory in the world."
"Does she forget everything?"
"No, she remembers everything."—Gutteries, Madrid.

W. N. 11, 1911

A safe place
for your
valuable
papers!



Your deeds, securities and other valuable papers may represent the tangible evidence of years of effort on your part. The most modern safeguard for your precious possessions is a Safety Deposit Box. The cost of security, convenience and privacy at The Bank of Toronto is small. Rentals are \$3.00 per year and upwards.

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CAPITAL \$6,000,000 RESERVES \$9,000,000

Subscribe to the Oyen News

Go to Church Sunday

Rev. Geo. W. Kirby,

B.A., D.D.

Principal of Mount Royal College, Calgary

will conduct a service of

Public Worship

in

Oyen United Church

on

Sunday, October 25

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend
the service and join in worship.

About Town and Country

The ladies aid of the United Church will hold a bazaar and serve a fowl supper in the basement of the church on Saturday, Oct. 17. Everyone 35 cents each.

Last Wednesday morning 15 degrees of frost was recorded in town but the weather turned fine and sunny as the day progressed. On Friday evening a rain occurred for a total precipitation of 25 inches. This brings the fall precipitation (September and October to date) to 27 inches.

Mrs. F. Clarke and Mrs. W. Stoddard of Seattle, Wash., arrived in Oyen this morning and are guests at the home of Mrs. Chas. L. Dunford.

Mr. R. Barrie and Mr. Emile Tessier left this morning on a business trip to Calgary.

Miss A. M. Todd spent the week-end with her parents in Chinook.

Mrs. George Langmuir, Mrs. W. H. Horne, and Mr. Roy Horne were hostess to visitors over the week-end.

Mrs. McGill and children of Youngstown were Sunday guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. P. Snyder.

Bob Armstrong, formerly on the telephone staff here, was a town visitor Saturday, leaving Sunday morning for Calgary with Mr. W. Walsh.

Mr. Gordon Caswell spent the Thanksgiving holiday in Calgary visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Farrell left last Sunday for Calgary, where they will spend a few days.

Mr. W. F. Pratt of Youngstown, spent the Thanksgiving holiday in Oyen with his family.

Mr. H. L. Packard, formerly with the staff of the Bank of Toronto here, but now of Skeena, spent the Thanksgiving holiday in Oyen.

Bobbie McCullum of Sonnydale, left last Sunday for Toronto.

Mr. W. Walsh and Mr. E. N. Charbonneau, left last Sunday for Calgary, to spend the Thanksgiving holiday in the city. They returned to Oyen last night.

Miss Annie Forgie of Youngstown, was a Sunday guest at the home of Mrs. J. Love.

Mr. and Mrs. V. E. French and family spent Thanksgiving visiting at Madison, Sask.

Mr. Len Nightingale left today en route to the old country with a shipment of cattle.

EXCEL NEWS.

Threshing is practically completed in this district. Wheat averaged 10 to 12 bushels per acre, most of it grading No. 1.

Miss McDonald, school teacher at Excel, spent the Thanksgiving holidays at her home in Mirror, Alta.

Award of three scholarships at McGill University to minor sons of Canadian Pacific employees has been made to M. M. Madge, D. K. Gowans and Keith W. Shaw. The scholarships provide for five years tuition in architecture and chemical engineering, all fees being met until the recipients have taken their degrees as Bachelors of Science.

"We are coming to realize that food of one nation's peoples is food of another," declared Hon. Vincent Massey, former Canadian Minister at Washington when sailing recently on the Empress of Canada at the head of the Canadian delegation to the forthcoming conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations at Banff, Canada.

Here and There

One thousand men will be employed and over \$500,000 expended on highway repairs in Cape Breton during the coming autumn.

Miss Pauline Garon, Montreal motion-picture queen, formerly of Hollywood, sailed on the Canadian Pacific liner "Montcalm" recently, to make pictures in England and France.

Salmon taken in 1930 from British Columbia waters totalled close on 37,000,000 weighing more than 216,000,000 pounds. Number of fish was 9,500,000 more than in the biggest previous salmon catch year of 1926.

The New Brunswick Government is preparing to face the problem of unemployment on a practical basis this winter and has included a registration system through city and town clerks, who will gather full data as to out-of-work and their families.

Sir Lionel Fletcher, captain of the British fleet ship, which emptied several Canadian shots at Toronto and Ottawa, following the historic regatta, was warm in praise of "Connaught Ranges," on his return to England. It is hoped that other Old Country men will compete in Canada next year.

Queen Helena of Romania and her sister, Princess Marie of Greece, gave British railroad officials a shock recently, travelling from London to Scotland, third class. The Queen smilingly declared that she was very comfortable and did not want people to know she was travelling.

The name of Admiral of the Fleet Earl Jellicoe has been added to the long list of distinguished travellers over Canadian Pacific steamships and rail lines. "Hell-fire Jack," as he is affectionately called, arrived in Montreal on August 22, on the liner "Duchess of York" to open the Canadian National Exhibition, at Toronto.

Hector Macdonald, of Montreal, was winner of the prize offered by E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the "Canadian Pacific Railway" for the competition between pipers representing the 17 Scottish militia units of Canada, at the Highland Gathering recently held in the grounds of the Banff Springs Hotel, Banff, Alta.

Among recent guests at Banff were Congressman and Mrs. Frederick L. Leitch, of Washington, D.C., and Newark, N.J., on their way to the convention of the National Federation of Federal Employees at Seattle. They expressed themselves delighted with their stay at the Banff Springs Hotel.

H. M. King Prajishloph of Stam, Nepal and a numerous suite, has been seeing real western life, with the Banff Springs Hotel as headquarters. He was recently made a member of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies, following a pack-train expedition, and also attended a rodeo staged for him at Mrs. "Bill" Brewster's dude-ranch, at Kananaskis, Alta. His party has also devoted considerable time to photography, golf and fishing.

Nelson River Bungalow Camp Trophy competition is getting some fine entries this season. Recently a trout of seven pounds and one ounce was put in, and, shortly afterwards, a six pounds, five-ounce trout was taken. Catches of three to five-pound fish are frequent and one of the best seasons in years is reported from the camp.

J. O. Turcotte, Canadian Exhibition Commissioner, who visited Regina recently in connection with interior decoration in the magnificent new building which will house the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference, states that a start on this work will be made immediately. Decoration will be in grain needs, no point of any kind being used.

The Dutch wheat misting law, effective July 4, enforcing a maximum of 25 per cent of soft domestic wheat in the making of bread in Holland, may lead to an increase of this percentage which should have the effect of creating a great demand for Canadian hard wheat, says J. C. Macmillan, Canadian Trade Commissioner at Rotterdam.

"Development of Canada's ocean ports is not merely a Dominion problem but is a matter of interest and concern to the British Empire and the world as well," is the conviction expressed by the Hon. Alexander G. G. B.E., world famous engineer and author on port development and operation, who has been called in to superintend the rebuilding of the Saint John port facilities, recently destroyed by fire.

Stay of the King and Queen of Spain at the Banff Springs Hotel during the latter half of August marked the peak of the season at that famous Canadian Rockies resort. His Majesty, under the regency of Prince Sahakaya, opened the Highland Festival August 27, and the royal party made a thorough inspection of the mountains in motor excursions, had a couple of fishing trips, saw a rooster at Kananaskis ranch, and a rooster at honor at a Pow-Wow of the Stony Indians. 767.

Look at your address label!

Church Notices

ALL SAINTS CHURCH
(Anglican)

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 18

Evening service 3:00 p.m.

Rev. C. M. K. Parsons

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 18

Rev. E. F. Kemp

will conduct Service

as follows:

HUDSON HEIGHTS 11:00 a.m.

GLENADA 3:00 p.m.

OYEN 7:30 p.m.

All Are Cordially Invited

OYEN THEATRE

SATURDAY NIGHT

Oct. 17

Mario Dressler

and Polly Moran

—in—

"REDUCING"

DANCE AFTER SHOW

WEDNESDAY

Oct. 21

Roland Colman

—in—

The Devil to Pay

Coming soon

"Trader Horn"

OYEN CARTAGE AND TRANSFER

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Leave Orders on Pad in Office

W. D. MORRELL

Phones: Residence 41 Office 62

Geo. J. Benbow, L.A.B.

will be in

OYEN

EVERY WEDNESDAY

To Teach Piano-forte Lessons.

Apply: 549-14th Avenue West

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John P. Kerr

Veterinary Surgeon

Graduate of Ontario

Veterinary College.

Oyen, Alta.

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